

The Newport Daily News

VOL. XXII—NO. 19

NEWPORT, THURSDAY AFTERNOON JUNE 13, 1867

SINGLE COPIES THREE CENTS

The Daily News.

Published every day (Sundays excepted)

at 3 o'clock, P. M., by

TALBOT & DAVIS

AT 123 THAMES STREET,

NEWPORT, R. I.

TERMS: \$6.00 PER YEAR.

ADVERTISING TERMS:

Advertisements will be inserted for \$1.00 a square

for ten lines or less; for one insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Yearly contracts will be made with those who wish

to advertise extensively, reasonable terms.

The advertising will be inserted for all classes,

and will be limited to their own immediate business, in

their own name; it does not include Legal Notices,

Auction Sales, Lots and Pound, Hard, Wands &c.

whose contracts for yearly advertising are

discontinued before the year expires, the whole year will be charged for, or the publishers will

have the right to charge for the advertising done at

the transient rates.

Editorial Notices or Articles to be inserted in the

leading column will be charged extra, extra,

especially by the pieces occupied.

Special Notices will be charged one-third more than

the usual advertising rates.

All transient advertisements must be paid in ad-

vance. Yearly or regular advertising will be required

to make quarterly payments on demand.

Travelers' Directory.

AMERICAN STEAMBOAT COMPANY

PROVIDENCE AND NEWPORT.

Fare Reduced to 50 Cts. Each Way.

TWICE EACH DAY BETWEEN PROVIDENCE

AND NEWPORT.

ON and after WEDNESDAY, May 22d, 1867, and

until further notice, the splendid steamer BAY

QUEEN, Capt. Samuel Allen, will run as follows:

Leave Providence for Newport Friday (Sunday ex-

cepted) at 7.00 A. M., and 2.00 P. M., and leave

Providence for Newport at 10.30 A. M., and 3.00 P. M.

For further information apply to F. MAHAN,

Office on Steamboat Wharf.

1867.

BOSTON, NEWPORT AND NEW YORK

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

THE BOATS OF THIS LINE comprise the

large and elegant steamers NEWPORT, OLD COLO-

NY, METROPOLIS, and EMPIRE STATE. Captain

William Brown and Captain Benjamin M. Simmons.

One of the above boats will leave Newport daily

(Sunday excepted), at quarter before eight; or on

the arrival of the express train from Boston, arriv-

ing New York in time to connect with the South

or Western Trains.

FARE.

Cabin fare from Newport to New York, \$4.00

Dock fare, \$1.00.

FREIGHT

Taken at the lowest rates.

april 29

OLD COLONY & NEWPORT RAILWAY.

NEW LINE OPEN TO BOSTON,

(Via Taunton.)

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, April 29, 1867

TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Trains leave Newport

For Boston—4.00 A. M., 6.15 and 8.00 A. M.,

3.00 P. M.

Plymouth Grove 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Coal Point 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Bristol Ferry 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Colt's Point 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Borden's 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Weir 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Taunton 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

No. Easton 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Brabrook 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Maryville 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Middleboro' 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Bridgewater 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Plymouth 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Cape Cod and Fairhaven 6.15, 8.15, 3 P. M.

New Bedford 6.15, 8.15, 3 & 4 P. M.

Providence 8.15, 8.15, 3 P. M.

Or arrival of boat from New York:

Trains to Newport, Leave

Boston 8.30 A. M., 3.30 and 5.30 P. M.

Braintree 8.05 A. M., 12.30, 3.30 and 5.30 P. M.

Weir 8.05 A. M., 1, 2.30, 5.30 and 7.30 P. M.

Bromley 8.25, 10.22 A. M., 1, 5.30 and 6.30 P. M.

Fall River 8.45 A. M., 12.30, 3.30 and 5.30 P. M.

Tiverton 8.45 A. M., 12.30, 3.30 and 5.30 P. M.

Bristol Ferry 8.50 A. M., 12.30, 3.30 and 5.30 P. M.

Middleboro' 9.30 A. M., 1, 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Middleboro' 9.30 A. M., 1, 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Providence 9.30 A. M., 1, 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

From Taunton 11.30 A. M., 2.45, 7.00

and 7.40 P. M.

W. H. BULLOCK, Superintendent.

april 29

FALL RIVER, WARREN AND PROV-
INCE RAILROAD.

ON and after MONDAY, April 29, 1867, trains

LEAVE FALL RIVER

For Providence 8.30 A. M., 4.00 P. M.

For Warren 6.30, 8.45 A. M., 4.00 P. M.

LEAVE PROV-
INCE

For Fall River 7.10 A. M., 5.30 P. M.

Newport 7.10 A. M., 12.30, 5.30 P. M.

LEAVE WARREN

For Fall River 7.18 A. M., 1, 10, 6.28 P. M.

Newport 7.45 A. M., 3.15, 6.28 P. M.

LEAVE NEWPORT

For Providence 8.30 A. M., 3.00 P. M.

For Warren 8.30 A. M., 3.00 P. M.

LEAVE BOSTON

For Providence 8.30 A. M., 3.00 P. M.

For Fall River 8.30 A. M., 3.00 P. M.

For Warren 8.30 A. M., 3.00 P. M.

JOSEPH BRADFORD,
Opposite Post Office.

april 27

FRANCIS STANHOPE,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

NO. 6 BROAD STREET,

WILL attend to sales at Auction of Real Estate or

Personal Property in city or country.

Aug 10.

JOSEPH BRADFORD,

Opposite Post Office.

april 27

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Aug 10.

JOSEPH BRADFORD,

Opposite Post Office.

april 27

JOSEPH BRADFORD,

The Daily New NEWPORT.

Thursday, June 13, 1867.

THE SOUTHERN COMMANDERS.

In assigning Generals to the command of districts at the South under the provisions of the military reconstruction act, Mr. Johnson evinced an apparent disposition to execute the law fully in accordance with its provisions.— Though he disapproved the act and ineffectually interposed his veto to prevent its becoming law, he selected men as its executors who were known to be faithful in their patriotism and to sympathize with the majority as to its necessity and practicability in the reconstruction of the seceded States.

In the prosecution of the duties assigned them, these officers have displayed an energy and efficiency wholly satisfactory both to the framers of the law and to the loyal people, who have relied upon it for bringing about the result so ardently desired. Whether the President hoped for such an administration of the law as has been brought to pass, is impossible to say.— Other members of the administration have, however, manifested great ability in finding objections to it and placing obstacles in the way of its execution. The opinions which Attorney General Stanbury has given relative to the power of the Generals over the civil affairs of the States have exhibited an animus entirely hostile to the progress which has been made under the law toward the restoration of the South to its proper relations to the Government by the process which Congress has ordained.

The President is not compelled to accept the Attorney General's opinion as the guide of his action. It is quite probable, however, that he will shape his course much in accordance with it. If he does so, he will place himself again in hostility to the loyal North, and will then reverse opinions which he has already promulgated in his veto message as to the power conferred by the bill upon the military commanders. He has regarded that power as "absolute," while Mr. Stanbury assigns to it limits which neither its framers nor the President believed legitimate to it. The course of the Generals is sustained by the best citizens both North and South, and it is hoped they will not be interrupted.

The Naval Academy.

The Board of Visitors to the Naval Academy, who have just made their report, say they hope the day is not far distant when members of the Academy will be able to reach a higher grade of scholarship than is now possible, and as the first step toward this they urge with much earnestness that there should be better preparation among students when admitted. They are satisfied that the system of competitive examination has worked well in many instances, but think there is little hope that it will ever become general, owing to the inconveniences of adapting it to congressional districts covering a large territory. They are of opinion, moreover, that it would not fully meet the requirements of the case even if it were generally adopted, because of the differences in the views and knowledge among the local examiners; and finally reach the resolution that security against unfit candidates will soonest be found in the establishment of a proper standard of qualifications, and in making the decisions of the regular examining board final. In this connection they recommend that beside medical and scholastic examiners, there be added two naval officers to decide upon the apparent aptitude of the candidates for the naval service. The board say that the department of steam engineering has been greatly simplified during the past year with the most gratifying success, and under this head they recommend that there be annually appointed from among the graduates of the various scientific schools a small class of acting third assistant engineers, who shall be ordered to the Academy to receive a two years' course of study in mechanical engineering.

This has been tried with a class of sixteen persons, and the results are of a flattering character. The subject of gunnery is briefly discussed, and the board advises that hereafter more prominence be given to this branch of study. They make several recommendations relative to the various courses in the Academy, suggest that all competent instructors be appointed for four years, and advise that in future all vacancies in the Academy staff be filled by the appointment of naval officers. The board speak in praise of the manner in which the grounds of the Academy are kept, and say that the now purchase of land under last year's act of Congress is of great benefit, and calculated to render the surroundings of the institution healthy and attractive, and close by saying that many of the officers are still obliged to live outside the walls, suggesting the purchase of more land and the erection of other buildings for quarters.

A correspondent of the St. Louis *Democrat*, who had just returned from Alabama, says: "It was refreshing, as I passed" — "one, says: "It was thousand acres" — "stone, to witness the many negroes" — "of corn well tilled, where the rebels, King Cotton, bore undivided sway previous to the rebellion. Although backward, as crops everywhere are this season, still, the corn crop of the South will be ample to supply that desolate country for a year to come, should the balance of the season prove at all favorable." The productive prairies of Mississippi and Alabama are all under cultivation—old-hall in corn and one-half in cotton—and what is still more gratifying, the cotton crop, as a general thing, working remarkably well."

Bishop Clark's Address.
The charge of the Bishop to the Clergy of this Diocese, delivered on Tuesday, was devoted to the subject of an increase of spiritual religion in the churches. It included a wide range of topics, all of which have an important bearing upon the theme of discourse. The Bishop took strong ground in favor of subjecting politics to the influence of religion to a greater extent than has hitherto been done in this country, especially in the way of electing conscientious and religious men to office. He also deplored the increase of vice and crime in the community, and especially the increase of intemperance, and urged to greater and more persistent efforts for the eradication of this evil. In the course of his remarks he stated that "it is probable that our nation contains a greater proportion than any other nation on the earth of men and women who are hurried prematurely to their graves by excessive indulgence in intoxicating liquors." He touched upon the realistic tendencies which are manifesting themselves in some portions of the Church, alluding to them as leading the people back into that darkness from which the Christian world emerged at the Reformation, and as unsuitable practices for the reformed Churches. The Bishop allowed for diversities of forms and modes of worship as consistent with real unity and spirituality in Christian order and life.

From a correspondent at Panama we have intelligence regarding the revolution in the United States of Colombia. Mosquera dissolved Congress on the 29th of April, and called on the States to elect a new one. The States of Antioquia and Magdalena had declared war on the General Government, and citizens were called upon to take up arms. It was reported that three other States had repudiated Mosquera's Government. Santa Martha being in the hands of the rebels, was blockaded by General Lopez. Panama has taken sides against Mosquera, and in order to prepare for war, the Governor had levied an additional tax of 50 per cent, on the foreign merchant. He has also given notice that he should forcibly oppose the sending of troops by the General Government to the Isthmus. The foreign Consuls at Panama and Aspinwall have protested against the additional tax.

A correspondent writing from Panama furnishes important news from Peru. An organized military force, under Gen. Castilla, is in the field against Prado, Gen. Castilla, who, with others, was expelled from Lima some time ago, and took refuge in Chili, had embarked with his companions on board the Limena, and arrived at Mejillones, where a small force was expecting him. He took by force from the steamer fifty cases of American rifles, which were on route to Panama. After securing these, he had embarked on the Ecuador, and sailed in the direction of Iquique, where a larger force was awaiting his arrival. It is reported that Castilla has plenty of money, and will be able to make a formidable stand against the Government.

A meeting was held at Philadelphia, Tuesday between the national republican committee and the congressional executive committee. Governor Ward and General Schenck, the chairmen of the respective committees, with a quorum of each were present. The object of the meeting was to systematize a plan for campaign work in the South. All the gentlemen present agreed in the necessity for this work, and measures were adopted that it should will result in carrying it out to a successful issue. There is to be a large and immediate increase in the circulation of papers, documents, &c. It is probable that the national committee will be called together during the present month.

Gen. J. Lane, says the Oregonian, still lives. He is making a new dash in politics. How he will come out with the Greeks at his doors is uncertain. Undoubtedly he deserves success in every undertaking. No man in Oregon has suffered more for Democratic principles than he. Agua wa repeat that it is gratifying news to hear of the heroic General and the distinguished Colonel. "They are men who show what Democrats ought to be! One of them fought in the Rebel army, and the other approved of his actions; what better title to honor at the hands of their party could Democrats give?"

At the last session of the Academy of Sciences, says the *Courrier du Havre* of May 21, M. Delaunay read a paper, by M. Flammarion, on the subject of a recent change in the moon's surface. A crater well defined and perfectly well known to astronomers has disappeared within a year, and its place is now marked by a large white spot in the middle of a plain. It is the first time that any change in the moon's surface has been noticed. M. Charcot made a like observation, which confirms that of M. Flammarion.

General Howard has recently asked the War Department for a detail of twenty more army officers for service in his bureau, but failed to get them for the reason that it is with difficulty enough to be found to do duty on regulation boards in the South, as provided for by the military bill.

Vessel carrying over 4000 passengers came into New York Monday. They were fended to be in good sanitary condition and were allowed to pass at Quarantine without detention. The ship Arnold Bonniger was also allowed to come up after having been detained since Friday. The cholera is reported to have disappeared from nearly all parts of the world.

London papers speak of an loosening rage for gambling. Enormous sums are lost and won upon the turf, and members of prominent families have been impoverished. Men gambled away not only the wealth they have inherited, but the position which not even wealth can recover.

The army worm is doing great damage to the forests in portions of Georgia. This worm was very destructive last year, and is but continuing its march. It moves in armies, sweeping every green leaf and sprig before it, and if warm weather succeeds its passage, destroys

LAWS OF RHODE ISLAND.

Passed at the May Session of the General Assembly, A. D. 1867.

AN ACT in amendment of Chapter 78 of the Revised Statutes—"Of the Suppression of Intemperance." It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

Section 1.—It is hereby provided that nothing contained in the provisions of Chapter 78 of the Revised Statutes shall be construed to apply to the domestic manufacture of wine from currants or of grapes grown within this State, to the value of one gallon.

AN ACT in amendment of Chapter 668, sec. 1, of the public acts, entitled "An act to enable towns to establish Justices of the Peace in said town, and to increase the jurisdiction of Courts of Magistrates and Justices." It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

Section 1. The Town Council of any Town divided into voting Districts may designate from the Justices of the Peace in said town, in the manner prescribed in the act to which this act is an amendment, one trial Justice for each voting district in such town, who shall have and exercise the jurisdiction and discharge the duties with such voting district provided to be exercised and discharged by trial justices within the limits of the town for which they were appointed under said act.

Sec. 2. Any Justice of the Peace issuing any warrant against any person or persons charged with the commission of any offence which would be bailable before a trial justice, may take the cognizance of such person or persons when brought before him upon any such warrant to make his appearance at a day and place to be named before the trial justice in the town where such warrant is issued.

AN ACT in amendment of chapter 658, sec. 1, of the public acts, entitled "An act to establish a court of magistrates in the village of Pawtucket." It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

Section 1. Section 1 of chapter 658 of the public acts is to be enacted, that the annual salary of the Justice of the Court of Magistrates in the village of Pawtucket, officiating as clerk, shall be five hundred dollars, on and after the first day of June, A. D. 1867.

AN ACT in amendment of an act, Title XIII—Chapter 69, Section 2, Revised Statutes—"Of the Commissioner of Public Schools." It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

Section 1. The Commissioner shall visit annually every school district in the State for the purpose of inspecting the schools, and diffusing as widely as possible, by public addresses and personal communications with school officers, teachers and parents, a knowledge of the defects and difficulties in the administration of the system and the government and instruction in the schools; and to defray the travelling expenses of such visits, he shall receive annually, in addition to his salary, the sum of three hundred dollars.

AN ACT in addition to Chapter 30, of the Revised Statutes, "Of the powers of, and of writs by and against Towns."

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

Section 1. The Town Councils of the several towns may make and ordain all such acts, laws and orders for the well ordering, managing and directing of the judicial affairs and police of their respective towns as they may deem most conducive to the welfare, peace and good order thereof: Provided, Such acts, laws and orders are not repugnant to the Constitution and laws of this State, or of the United States, and may enforce such laws, penalties and forfeitures not exceeding the sum or value of twenty dollars, or one month's imprisonment for any offense: Provided, however, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to repeat any ordinance now in force, enacted by the electors of towns in Town meeting.

AN ACT in addition to and in amendment of Chapter 187 of the Revised Statutes "Of Districte."

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

Section 1. Whenever any domiciled inhabitant of this State, who shall have resided therein for the period of one year next before the preferring of the petition hereinbefore mentioned, is lunatic or non compos mentis, the Supreme Court, for like causes, have like jurisdiction over any petition for divorce, alimony, separation, maintenance, or the custody, education and support of the children of persons divorced or for whom alimony is sought preferred by the father, mother or guardian or such person, lunatic or non compos mentis, that such person has in any other petitions for similar relief: Provided that the foot of lunacy shall be set forth in said petition, and shall on the trial thereof be proved to the satisfaction of the court as any other material allegation is required to be.

Sec. 2. In the trial of any petition preferred under this not by the father, mother, or guardian of any person, lunatic or non compos mentis, such father, mother or guardian, and the husband or wife of such father, mother, or guardian shall be deemed competent witnesses; but nothing herein contained shall in any wise be construed as allowing the respondent to any such petition, or the husband or wife of any such respondent to be a competent witness on the trial thereof.

A true copy, witness:

JONAH R. BARTLETT,
Secretary of State.

No. 4.

Dr. Schenck, the Lung Doctor.

The Proprietor of SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, the Inventor of SCHENCK'S RESPIRATOR, the only instrument that can be a certainty detected and treated the Lung Disease.

It gives instant relief to those who have the exact condition of the lungs, whether it is Tuberculosis, Pulmonary, Bronchial, Pleuritic or Diaphragmatic, ascertaining whether it is both lungs or only one that are diseased.

It requires constant and frequent practice to become familiar with every variety of disease of a diseased lung.

It is a simple, thin, clear, transparent glass tube.

It is easily inserted into the nostril, and the tube is closed by a tight action of the liver and tail of the stomach. The sufferer is soon relieved to health.

It is a safe, simple, inexpensive and certain remedy for all kinds of lung diseases.

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Local Intelligence:

EXCELSIOR, July 4.—It is probable that action will be taken at the meeting of the City Council next Tuesday evening in regard to the celebration of the coming Fourth of July. Whatever is done, we trust, and we feel assured we shall be joined in the wish by all property holders, that the promiscuous use of fire-works will be prohibited, as has been done in Boston, Worcester and many other places. The terrible scenes in Portland, last year, should be a warning to all. We like to see Young America in the highest degree of enjoyment, but the risk is too great for the anticipated pleasure. Our city is mostly built of wood, and we have need of especial care. There are other methods of celebrating the day equally appropriate that are not attended with equal hazards.

NEWSPAPERS.—The Boston Post says:

"Hard times are telling severely on the news-paper business. All the publishers are cutting down expenses. They say, as the merchants do, that if they can make both ends meet until better times come, they will be satisfied. Retrenchment in the herald establishment has gone to the extent of discharging eight or ten reporters. There has been a reduction of force on the Tribune, also, and to some extent on all the other dailies."

The above extract shows the state of the case with regard to newspapers generally. But in the face of the proprietors of the Daily News have resolved to enlarge their sheet so as to give four columns additional space, and at the same time put the paper in an entire new dress. The new type has been already purchased, and the change will be made on or about the 21st of the present month. We confidently believe that there is enterprise and public spirit enough in Newport to sustain a good Daily, and hence in the face of the hard times indicated by the above extract from the Boston Post, we have gone to the large expense necessary to make the desired change.

PINE APPLES, Green Gooseberries, Bunches. Wilson's Fruit Bazaar.

DEAR HOMIES.—On Sunday morning a person walking on the second Beach discovered two horses lying dead in harness and attached to a wagon. The owner was in the wagon apparently dead, having been exposed to the storm of Saturday night. The person who discovered them went to a house to give the information and on returning to the spot found the man sufficiently revived to be taking some refreshment from a jug in the wagon. He still lives, but the horses do not.

NEW DIRECTORY.—The canvass for the Newport City Directory has commenced. Beside the general Director of residences, it will contain a Business Directory of the Trades and Professions, State and City record, and an appendix of much useful information. As an advertising medium it cannot be surpassed. We hope our business men will patronize the work, in such a way that it will enable the Publishers to get us up such a book as will be a credit to the City of Newport. Every business man should have one.

COR. T. W. HIGGINS, of this city, is announced as the orator, and Henry F. Colby as the poet, before the literary societies of Colby University, Waterville, Maine, at the next commencement.

GREEN PEAS, Turnips, Lettuce, Radishes, &c. Wilson's Fruit Bazaar.

MISCELLANY.—At a fire in Burlington, Vt. seven horses were burned in a stable. Several buildings were destroyed. At Lockhaven, Pa. a stable and sixteen horses were consumed.

THE NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN (radicals) reports that a firm of dealers in stationery here brought down upon themselves a petty persecution by advertising in that paper. Several firms who formerly had business relations with them have given notice that these relations are closed. The Republican adds: "Hundreds of loyal merchants have found it necessary to change or conceal their sentiments in order to escape bankruptcy."

THE STATE CONVENTION OF MASSACHUSETTS SABBATH SCHOOL TEACHERS was in session at Roxbury, yesterday.

SEVERAL of the old members of the City Government of Mobile having refused to accept their reappointment from Gov. Pope, Gen. Swaine has issued an order directing the vacancies to be filled "from that large class of citizens who have heretofore been denied the right of suffrage and a participation in municipal affairs, and whose patriotism will prevent them from following this disloyal example."

THE NEW ENGLAND CHRISTIAN CONVENTION commenced its annual meeting, yesterday, at New Bedford.

A MAN in Brooklyn, N. Y., was shot in the head on Monday by some boys firing at a mark.

IN THE Surratt trial at Washington, Judge Fisher decided, yesterday, against the legality of the jury. They were discharged and a new panel ordered.

THE DIOCESAN CONVENTION OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, for Rhode Island, and the CONFERENCE OF CONGREGATIONAL CHURCHES held their sessions at Providence on Tuesday and Wednesday.

THE BODY OF GEORGE J. SPEAR of Quiney, Mass., mate of schooner Jennie, was found at Fall River on Monday, floating in the water in Rodman's dock. A bottle of whisky was found in one of the pockets. Deceased was last seen the evening of the 20th ult., wending his way toward the dock while under the influence of liquor.

FOURTY-FOUR POST OFFICES in South Carolina are conducted by women.

THERE are in the Sing Sing Prison thirteen hundred and fifty-eight convicts, of whom one hundred and fifty-six only are female. The number of females is constantly decreasing, while that of males is increasing.

GRATUITOUS EXILE was caused in a town in England, lately, by the escape of three gorillas from a menagerie. The people were filled with consternation as the monkeys travelled along the road. After a chase of several miles, the keepers overtook them and they were all recaptured.

AT 1 P.M. yesterday, of subscribers to the proposed new line of steamships between Boston and Europe, it was decided to abandon the enterprise, lack of encouragement on the part of Boston merchants and citizens.

ITEMS.

PROGRESS OF CIVILIZATION—a pest company working the Dismal Swamp.

CATTLE are wanted in California to eat the grass that is going to waste.

Mrs. Louise, widow of the late Rev. Dr. Hawes, died at Hartford, Monday, at the age of 76 years.

NEW JERSEY, not the most advanced State in educational matters, has abolished corporal punishment in public schools.

THE SILVER CHALICE of St. Michael's Church, Charleston, S. C. has been rescued from a pawnbroker's shop in New York and restored to the church.

A pretty little Jewish prima donna in Brussels was courted by a young lawyer and finally married him in consideration of his embracing the Jewish persuasion.

A man in Cairo, running against a barber pole, the other night, pulled out his pocket book, threw it down and ran, supposing he was attacked by a robber.

REV. JOHN GIRDWELL, for sixteen years pastor of the William street Baptist church in New Bedford, died in Litchfield, Ind., Monday. He had recently settled in the latter place.

There is place in New Hampshire, they say, where they never have any old maid. When a girl reaches the age of twenty, and is still unmarried, the young fellow club together and draw lots for her. Those who lose the chance, pay a bonus to the one who gets her.

STRAWBERRIES, fresh every morning. Wilson's Fruit Bazaar.

WE ARE ASKED THAT CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHING goods of every description can be bought at the BLUE STORE, cheaper than at any other establishment in the city. Why? Because the rent is low and the goods give satisfaction.

A CARD.

I take great pleasure in announcing to my friends and patrons that Mr. George T. James will henceforth conduct the business of my Fine Art Establishment, at 203 Westminster street, Providence.

Mr. James having been for the past fifteen years with Meers, Goull & Co., of New York, feels able to so long an experience in the first Fine Art house in the world, to thoroughly manage the business, and purposes to maintain a style and taste in all things pertaining to Art, equal to that of my first class establishment.

ALL NOVELTIES IN ENGRAVINGS, CHROMOS AND PHOTOGRAPHS, WILL BE PROMPTLY RECEIVED AS SOON AS ISSUED OR IMPORTED. OCCASIONALLY WE SHALL HAVE EXHIBITIONS OF PAINTINGS, BY THE BEST FRENCH, BELGIAN AND NATIVE ARTISTS.

WE ALSO KEEP A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF ARTIST'S MATERIALS, AND WILL EDUCATE IN EVERY RESPECT TO SUPPLY EVERY TASTE AND NECESSITY PERTAINING TO OUR BUSINESS, THEREBY HOPEFULY TO MERIT A CONFIDENCE OF THE KIND FAVORS OF OUR CUSTOMERS.

L. B. DARLING.

THE PUBLIC HAS BEEN ACCOMMODATED WITH \$100,000 WORTH OF FURNITURE, CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS ANNUALLY FROM CUNNINGHAM'S EMPORIUM.

BOTH CHRONIC AND INFAMMATORY RHEUMATISM ARE BEING DAILY CURED BY MARSHALL'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

A CLERGYMAN WRITING TO A FRIEND, SAYS, "MY VOYAGE TO EUROPE IS INDEFINITELY POSTPONED. I HAVE DISCOVERED THE 'FOUNTAIN OF HEALTH' ON THIS SIDE OF THE ATLANTIC. THREE BOTTLES OF PERUVIAN SYRUP HAVE RESCUED ME FROM THE FANGS OF THE FLOOD DYSPEPSIA. DYSEPIPSICS SHOULD DRINK FROM THE SOURCE."

CALL AT THE BLUE STORE AND EXAMINE GOODS AND PRICES.

STRUMATIC SALTS, AND STRUMATIC MINERAL WATER, FOR SALE AT CASWELL, MACK & CO., 132 THAMES ST., BOSTON.

CARPETS ARE OFFERED AT FROM 20 TO 50 CENTS PER YARD DISCOUNT FROM FORMER PRICES AT QUINNIGHAM'S EMPORIUM.

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CALL AT THE BLUE STORE AND EXAMINE GOODS AND PRICES.

AT REDUCED PRICES.

GEO. C. ELIOTT.

THE ATTENTION OF PURCHASERS IS INVITED TO MY PRESENT FULL STOCK OF RICH AND DESIRABLE

CARRIAGES AND HARNESSSES.

AND ALSO TO MY ASSORTMENT OF THE MORE COMMON KINDS, WHICH ARE FOR SALE.

AT REDUCED PRICES.

APRIL 1ST.

KIMBALL BROS. & CO.

INVITE THE ATTENTION OF PURCHASERS TO THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF

FINE FINISHED CARRIAGES.

EVER OFFERED IN NEW ENGLAND,

WHICH ARE ALL CUSTOM MADE AND WARRANTED.

REPOSITORY, 110 & 112 BURSBURY ST., BOSTON.

J. C. KIMBALL, G. C. KIMBALL, E. E. ENNISON.

APRIL 21-30TH.

TO LET FOR THE SEASON.

A COTTAGE containing Five Rooms, about 2 1/2 miles from Newport, furnished or unfurnished, ready for occupancy. Apply to D. H. BARBER, on the premises.

J. C. K. X. MUNRO.

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THE UNION PACIFIC

RAIL ROAD CO.

Are now constructing a Railroad from

OMAHA, NEBRASKA,

westward towards the Pacific Ocean, making with its

connections an unbroken line

ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

The Company now offers a limited amount of their

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

having thirty years to run, and bearing annual interest, payable on the first day of January and July, in the City of New York, at the rate of

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

at Ninety Cents on the Dollar.

This road was completed from Omaha 500 miles west on the 1st of January, 1867, and is fully equipped, and trains are regularly running over it. The Company has now on hand half iron, ties, etc., to finish the remaining portion to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, 212 miles, which is under contract to be done September 1st of this year, and it is expected that the entire road will be running from Dismal to its western connection with the Central Pacific, now being rapidly built eastward from Sacramento, Cal., during 1870.

MEMPHIS OF THE COMPANY.

Estimating the distance to be built by the Union Pacific to be 1,565 miles, the United States Government requires its Six per cent. Thirty-year Bonds to the Company as the road is finished at the average rate of about \$28,250 per mile, amounting to \$44,200,000.

The Company is also permitted to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to an equal amount, and at a rate of six per cent. Actual cost of Congress are of the United States, being *pro rata* to them.

The Government makes a donation of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, amounting to 16,000 acres, estimated to be worth \$30,000,000, making the total resources, exclusive of the capital, \$118,156,600; but the full value of the lands cannot yet be realized.

The authorized Capital Stock of the Company is one hundred million dollars, of which five millions have already been paid in, and of which it is not supposed that more than twenty-five millions at most will be required.

The cost of the road is estimated by competent engineers to be about one hundred million dollars, exclusive of equipment.

PROVIDENCE MUTUAL, PAW-

TUCKET MUTUAL AND

FRANKLIN MUTUAL OF PROV-

IDENCE.

Particular attention given to

MARINE INSURANCE.

Open Policies issued by risks covered at once on application

HENRY BULL & CO.,

129 Thames Street.

HENRY BULL & CO.,

BROKERS,

keep on hand, and buy and sell all kinds of

United States Securities,

or sell and procure the same, and all other securities, on commission. Highest market price held for gold and corporates, at

129 THAMES STREET.

Value and Security of the Bonds.

The railroad connection between Omaha and the Pacific is now complete, and the earnings of the Union Pacific are the second already finished for the first two years in May were \$113,000. These sectional earnings as the road progresses will much more than pay the interest on the Company's bonds, and the bonds of the United States, *pro rata* to them.

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Prospects for Business.

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No. 1. CHINGARORA ANTI-NERVOUS Smoking Tobacco!

The CHINGARORA TOBACCO grows from the soil of the "MOUNTAIN," and is possessed of a peculiar delicacy, none equal to it having been known to the tobacco of all other climes. But its undoubted popularity has sprung from the fact of the entire absence of that deadly poison, Nicotine, which pollutes every other tobacco, and which is the one and sole cause of the distressing nervous disease, dyspepsia, &c., which most invariably, sooner or later, follow the indulgence of the pipe and cigar. At the recent analysis of tobacco from all parts of the world, at the Academy of Sciences, in Paris, the renowned Chemist, M. L'INVENTEUR, declared that while European and American tobacco contained fully eight per cent. and the poorest Cuban tobacco from two to five per cent. of Nicotine, the CHINGARORA did not contain one per cent. of the deadly poison, a drop of which, extracted, will decompose the body.

Our agent BOMFAY has shipped us large quantities of the CHINGARORA during the past year, and although we have been put to task to find a market for this delicious luxury, to the regret of our master, yet we are now prepared to offer it in unlimited quantities, at a price much less than from any other tobacco, and the CHINGARORA did not contain one per cent. of Nicotine, which pollutes every other tobacco, and which is the one and sole cause of the distressing nervous disease, dyspepsia, &c., which most invariably, sooner or later, follow the indulgence of the pipe and cigar. At the recent analysis of tobacco from all parts of the world, at the Academy of Sciences, in Paris, the renowned Chemist, M. L'INVENTEUR, declared that while European and American tobacco contained fully eight per cent. and the poorest Cuban tobacco from two to five per cent. of Nicotine, the CHINGARORA did not contain one per cent. of the deadly poison, a drop of which, extracted, will decompose the body.

A connoisseur has, but to say the Amer can tobacco and cigars, which are invariably chemically flavored, to be disgusted with the medicinal taste which leaves a nauseous, unhealthy taste in the mouth and in the system, particularly collected.

JOHN LION'S, Blacksmith and Horse Shoe.

June Magazines.

HARPER'S,

LESLIE'S,

DEMOCRAT'S,

NEW JERSEY MAGAZINE,

CATHOLIC WORLD,

BALLOWS MAGAZINE,

For sale by CLARKE & TILLEY,

May 18

EMAIL DE PARIS, R. J. TAYLOR'S

UTTER'S SALOON,

66 Thames St.,

(One door below the Parade.)

ICE CREAM, Cakes, Pies, Oysters, Tea and Coffee.

Mailard's superior Confections and Jellies.

FRESH CANDIES.

Consisting in part of:—Soft Chocolate Caromels, Hard, &c., Jellied Nests, Everton, Tatoo, Ginger and Hosthound Drops, &c., &c.

May 2

150,000 SOUTHERN Cedar Shingles, just in market—just landed.

For sale by SWINBURNE, PECKHAM & CO., 192 Thames Street.

Apr. 17—18

DUONGES—Just received, a nice low.

Apr. 19 GOTRELL & BRYER

150,000 SOUTHERN Cedar Shingles, just in market—just landed.

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